



Biopolymer Films for Product Packaging

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Overview

1

Introduction

Background

2

Strategy 1: Biopolymer Films

Polymers from natural sources as a moisture barrier

3

Strategy 2: Chemical Additives

Crosslinkers to improve biopolymer properties

4

Strategy 3: Physical Additives

Nanoclays and nanofibers to reinforce biopolymers

5

Questions and Discussion

Paper-based Packaging

Properties

- ✓ Structural integrity
- ✓ Low cost
- ✓ Recyclability, biodegradability
- ✗ Poor moisture barrier



Barrier properties compensated by polyolefins



Proposed Strategies

1: Biopolymer Films

- Polymers derived from natural sources
 - Chitosan
 - Pectin
 - Gelatin

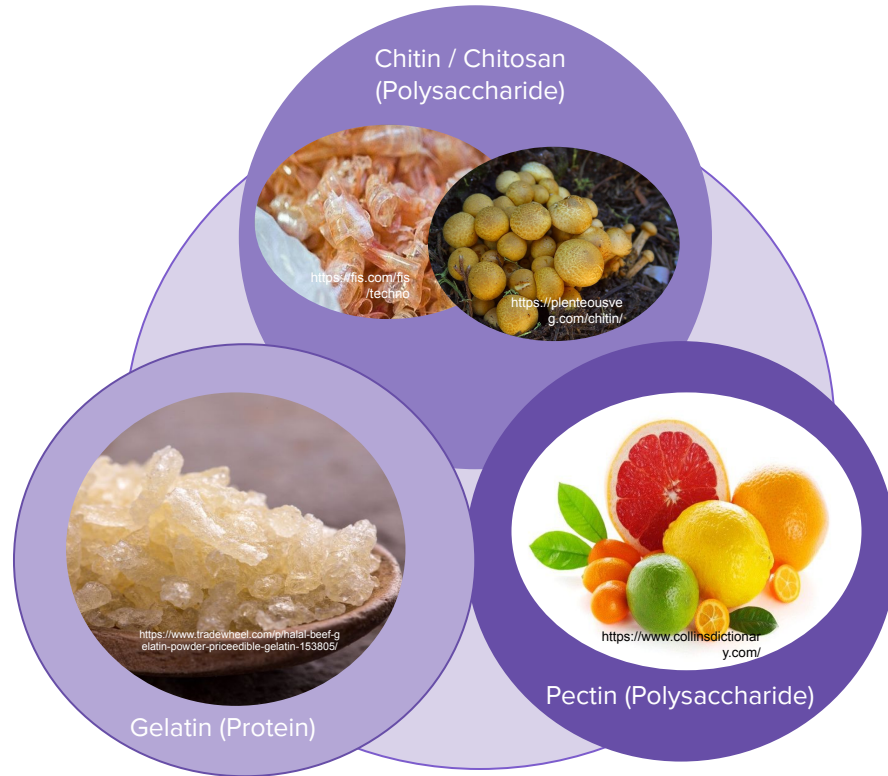
2: Chemical Additives: “Cross-linkers”

- Crosslinking film to improve barrier & mechanical properties with:
 - Genipin
 - Ferulic Acid

3: Physical Additives: “Nanofillers”

- Reinforcing film’s barrier & mechanical properties with:
 - Nanoclays
 - Montmorillonite (MMT)
 - Fibers
 - Cellulose Nanocrystals

Selected biopolymers for film formulation



Performance criteria for Bad Actors & Biopolymers

		PFAS*	Polyethylene	Polypropylene	Chitin/Chitosan	Pectin	Gelatin
Barrier Properties	Water Vapor Permeability (WVP) (g/m ² day*atm)	H	H	H	L	L	M
	Water Contact Angle	H	H	H	H	M	
Mechanical Properties	Tensile Strength (MPa)	H	H	H	M	M	H
	Total Elongation at Break	H	H	H	M	L	L

*Teflon (Polytetrafluoroethylene-PTFE) was used as a baseline for PFAS performance criteria comparisons.

High Efficiency

Medium Efficiency

Low Efficiency

Data Gap

Hazard Assessment for Bad Actors & Biopolymers

<i>Bad Actors & Biopolymers</i>	PFAS	Polyethylene	Polypropylene	Chitin/Chitosan	Pectin	Gelatin
Persistence	H	H	H	L	L	L
Bioaccumulation	H	L	L	L	L	L
Sensitivity / Irritation <i>(Eye, Skin, Respiratory)</i>	M	M	M	L	M	M
Toxicity <i>(Dev & Repro, Systemic, Neuro.)</i>	H	D	D	L	L	D
Aquatic Toxicity	H	L	L	M	D	L
Carcinogenicity / Mutagenicity	H	L	L	L	L	L
Endocrine	H	D	D	D	D	D

Low Hazard

Medium Hazard

High Hazard

Data Gap

Cross-linking

- **Cross-linking** is a “stabilization process in polymer chemistry which leads to multidimensional extension of polymeric chain resulting in network structure.”
- Not only does technical performance depend on the **biopolymer combination**, it also depends on the **crosslinker** and the nature of its **crosslinking mechanism**.

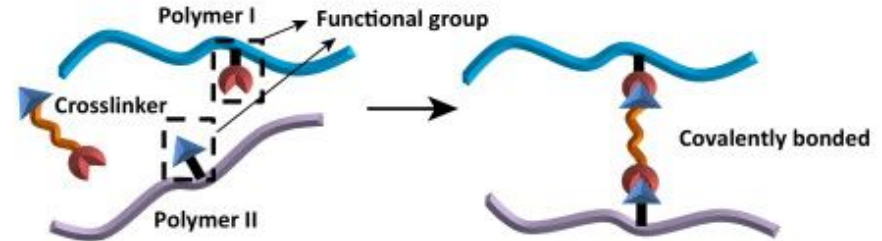


Image from <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0167779915000700#tbl0005>

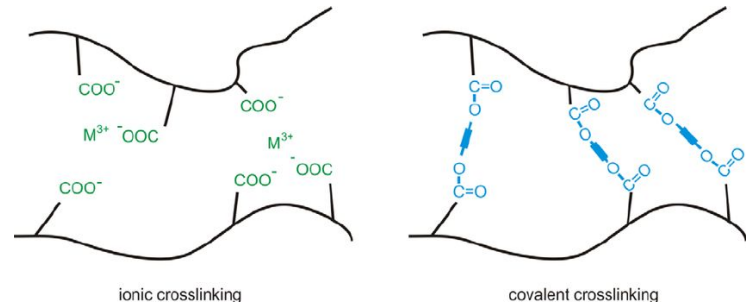


Image from https://www.researchgate.net/publication/263355077_Investigation_of_Cross-Linked_and_Additive_Containing_Polymer_Materials_for_Membranes_with_Improved_Performance_in_Pervaporation_and_Gas_Separation

Performance criteria for Crosslinking Reagents

		Glutaraldehyde			Genipin			Ferulic Acid		
<i>Biopolymer</i>		Pectin	Gelatin	Chitosan	Pectin	Gelatin	Chitosan	Pectin	Gelatin	Chitosan
Barrier Properties	Water Vapor Permeability (g*mm/kPa*m2* h)	D	H	M	H		M	D	M	L
	Water contact Angle	D	D	H	D	D	H	D	D	D
Mechanical Properties	Tensile Strength (MPa)	H	H	H	D	H	H	D	M	M
	Total Elongation at Break	H	H	D	D	L	M	D	L	L

High Efficiency

Medium Efficiency

Low Efficiency

Data Gap

Hazard Assessment for Crosslinking Reagents

Crosslinking Reagents	Glutaraldehyde	Genipin	Ferulic Acid
Persistence	M	L	L
Bioaccumulation	L	D	D
Sensitivity / Irritation <i>(Eye, Skin, Respiratory)</i>	M	D	M
Toxicity <i>(Dev & Repro, Systemic, Neuro.)</i>	H	L	L
Aquatic Toxicity	H	D	L
Carcinogenicity / Mutagenicity	D	D	L
Endocrine	H	D	L

Low Hazard

Medium Hazard

High Hazard

Data Gap

Nanofillers: Clays and Fibers

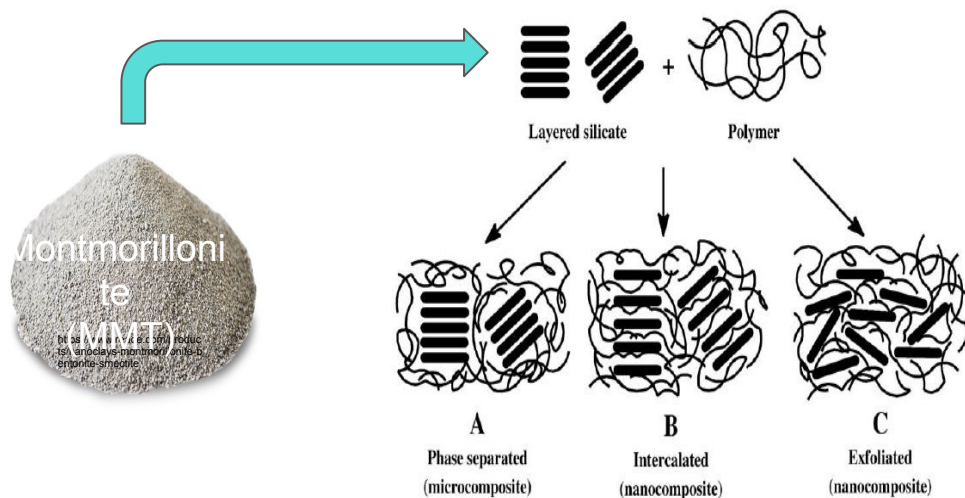
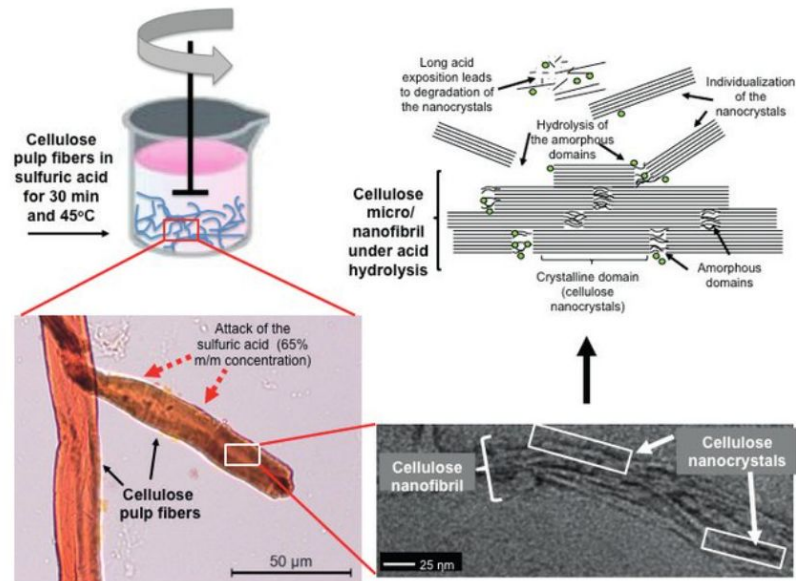


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Natural Fibers



Performance criteria for Nanofillers

		Montmorillonite (MMT)			Cellulose Nanocrystals (CNC)		
<i>Biopolymer</i>		Pectin	Gelatin	Chitosan	Pectin	Gelatin	Chitosan
Barrier Properties	Water Vapor Permeability	H	H	H	H	H	H
	Water contact Angle	D	D	D	D	D	M
Mechanical Properties	Tensile Strength (MPa)	H	H	H	H	H	H
	Total Elongation at Break	L	L	L	H	L	D

High Efficiency

Medium Efficiency

Low Efficiency

Data Gap

Hazard Assessment for Nanofillers

<i>Physical Additives</i>	Montmorillonite	Cellulose Nanocrystal
Persistence	H	L
Bioaccumulation	L	D
Sensitivity / Irritation (Eye, Skin, Respiratory)	M	H
Toxicity (Dev & Repro, Systemic, Neuro.)	D	L
Aquatic Toxicity	L	L
Carcinogenicity / Mutagenicity	L	L
Endocrine	D	D

Low Hazard

Medium Hazard

High Hazard

Data Gap

Final Assessment



Laundry Powders



Detergents



Soaps



Increasing dilution and moisture barrier requirements



Questions?

And Discussions