Sustainable Energy Innovation: Kosovo and The Clean Energy Transition

NOAH KITTNER, DANIEL KAMMEN PHD, MS, ENERGY AND RESOURCES, UC BERKELEY

Clean Energy Transition Research Agenda

- 1. Replacing aging infrastructure Kosovo
- 2. Energy storage game-changing technology?
- 3. Sustainable, Healthy, and Resilient Transition







Technology Cost and Performance



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Energy storage deployment and innovation for the clean energy transition

Noah Kittner^{1,2}, Felix Lill^{2,3} and Daniel M. Kammen^{1,2,4*}

Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists		A battery of innovative choices—if we commit to investing Noah Kittner and Daniel M. Kammen	
<i>e</i>	Recorder	ABSTRACT Renewable energy – such as photovoltaics and wind power – is rapidly moving into the m stream, with global solar capacity set to outproduce nuclear energy capacity for the first time. a major holdup has been how to store the electricity produced by renewables; consequer good, cheap, long-lasting battery storage has been the Holy Grail of R&D in this area. But H close are we in reaching this goal? To track progress, the authors have introduced a new, "t factor" model of analyzing innovations in energy storage that accounts not only for total sale a particular technology but also for the degree of investment in innovation, measured by look at the number of new patents issued in energy storage technology.	

KEYWORDS s photovoltaics and wind power - is rapidly moving into the main-Batteries; energy storage; renewables: R&D: innovation acity set to outproduce nuclear energy capacity for the first time. But ow to store the electricity produced by renewables; consequently, attery storage has been the Holy Grail of R&D in this area. But how goal? To track progress, the authors have introduced a new, "twonovations in energy storage that accounts not only for total sales of also for the degree of investment in innovation, measured by looking nts issued in energy storage technology.

RENEWABLES 2017 GLOBAL STATUS REPORT



Sustainable Energy Modeling

IOP Publishing	Environ. Res. Lett. 11 (2016) 104013	doi:10.1088/1748-9326/11/10/104013
	Environmental Research Letters	
CrossMade	LETTER	
CrossMark	An analytic framework to assess future electricity	y options in Kosovo
OPEN ACCESS		
RECEIVED 14 October 2015 REVISED 2 September 2016 Accepted for publication	Noah Kittner ^{1,2} , Hilda Dimco ³ , Visar Azemi ³ , Evgenia Tairyan ³ and Daniel M ¹ Energy and Resources Group, University of California, Berkeley, USA ² Renewable and Appropriate Energy Laboratory, University of California, Berkeley, USA ³ Kosovo Civil Society Consortium for Sustainable Development (KOSID), Kosovo ⁴ Goldman School of Public Policy, University of California, Berkeley, USA	A Kammen ^{1,2,4}
26 September 2016	E-mail: kammen@berkeley.edu	
PUBLISHED 13 October 2016	Keywords: electricity supply and demand, Kosovo, coal financing, sustainable electricity, e economies in transition	electricity pathways, South East Europe,
Original content from this work may be used under the terms of the Creative	Supplementary material for this article is available online	



CrossMark

Research paper

Deforestation and biomass fuel dynamics in Uganda

Pamela Jagger ^{a, *}, Noah Kittner ^b

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Life Cycle Assessment



Environment, Health, & Resilience



	Article
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Trace Metal Content of Coal Exacerbates Air-Pollution-Related Health Risks: The Case of Lignite Coal in Kosovo

Noah Kittner,^{†,‡,§}[®] Raj P. Fadadu,[§] Heather L. Buckley,^{§,#}[®] Megan R. Schwarzman,^{§,||} and Daniel M. Kammen^{*,†,‡,⊥}



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Energy Policy

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Energy security in ASEAN: A quantitative approach for sustainable energy policy

Sopitsuda Tongsopit^{a,*}, Noah Kittner^b, Youngho Chang^c, Apinya Aksornkij^a, Weerin Wangjiraniran^a

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Noah Kittner and Kensuke Yamaguchi

Hydropower threatens peace in Myanmar -- but it doesn't have to ASIAN REVIEW

Dialogue, transparency and foreign support could help rebuild local trust



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Renewable & Appropriate Energy Laboratory Professor Daniel Kammen, UC Berkeleu



Economic Research Institute for ASEAN and East Asia

Clean energy transition

To meet this challenge, we NEED:

- 1) Smart, responsive system
- 2) Infrastructure that enables renewable energy

3) Focus on technology and equity (environmental + health impacts)



Why Kosovo?





Case of Kosovo







Existing coal infrastructure in Kosovo





Motivation: World Bank plans loan for new infrastructure





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Question: Are financially feasible alternatives to coal available in Kosovo to provide electricity at a lower cost?





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Result: Range of alternative technologies exist to meet annual generation of 600 MW coal plant at lower cost





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Significance: Challenges convention coal is least cost option when WB develops lending policy for new infrastructure



Scenario	Profile	Estimated Cost	Average LCOE	
Base Case (coal)	12000 1000	€1.96 billion EUR	€204/MWh (€184/MWh- €224/MWh)	
Euro 2030 path	Solar PV Solar PV Wind Wind Wind Biomass 2/hur Hydro without Zhur TFP A Consumption Till Losses Year	€1.57 billion EUR	€160/MWh (€150/MWh- €170/MWh)	
Expanded Regional Transmission Interconnections	Solar PV Solar PV Wind Imports Biomass 22hur Hydro without Zhur TPP A Consumption T&D Losses Year	€1.76 billion EUR	€167/MWh (€162/MWh- €172/MWh)	
Introduction of natural gas	12000 100000 100000 100000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000	€1.55 billion EUR	€155/MWh (€141/MWh- €169/MWh)	

FEATURED ARTICLE

Kittner, N. et al (2016) An analytic framework to evaluate future electricity options in Kosovo. Environmental Research Letters 11(10) 104013. 16/44

Base Case and Euro 2030



Solar With and Without Gas





Particulate matter and public health

ENVIRONMENT JANUARY 31, 2018 / 5:59 AM / A MONTH AGO

Kosovo's pollution draws protesters as city bans cars from town center

The Washington Post Democracy Dies in Darkness

Kosovo environmentalists protest heavy pollution levels



0 2 1] 30 0 100

Systems-level modeling of energy infrastructure

DANIEL KAMMEN

Professor and Director of the Renewable and Appropriate Energy Laboratory NOAH KITTNER University of California, Berkeley

Energy in the Balkans

The

Economist

* One critical way to expedite EU integration of the Balkans ("Knocking on Heavens Door", August 29th) is to start by building an integrated energy system compliant with EU environmental standards and regulations. The proposed coal-fired power plant in Kosovo remains a prime example of a project that could set back EU accession by decades. Relying on lignite coal for electricity production in the region is not sustainable for the environment or public health. Linking electricity markets to take advantage of load balancing through hydropower projects in Albania and by creating a regional low-carbon roadmap will require significant cooperation—leadership traits that go hand-in-hand with joining the EU.



Article pubs.acs.org/est

Trace Metal Content of Coal Exacerbates Air-Pollution-Related Health Risks: The Case of Lignite Coal in Kosovo

Noah Kittner,^{†,‡,§} Raj P. Fadadu,[§] Heather L. Buckley,^{§,#} Megan R. Schwarzman,^{§,||} and Daniel M. Kammen^{*,†,‡,⊥}

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S Supporting Information



Systems approach

Environment	Economy	Health
Trace metal emission per kWh final electricity delivered (mg/kWh)	Annual electricity generation (kWh) and cost (\$)	Normalized premature deaths per TWh
Trace metal concentration per kWh final electricity delivered	Energy systems modeling of alternative pathways	Air pollution related health risks
Trace metal concentrations (measured and literature values)		Literature estimates of health effects from PM, criteria air pollutants

Kittner et al. 2018. Trace Metal Content of Coal Exacerbates Air-Pollution-Related-Health Risks: The Case of Lignite Coal in Kosovo. *Environmental Science and Technology*, 52, 2359-2367.



Trace metals content

Motivation: Kosovo A & B are Europe's largest point source of air pollution

Question: What are the health risks and environmental impacts of coal use in Kosovo?

Approach: Life-cycle metric and modeling tool

Trace metal concentration per final kWh electricity delivered

Inductively-coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS)

$$\frac{[\text{TM}]}{\text{kWhe}} = \frac{[\text{TM}] * n_t * n_d * (\text{heat rate}) * C_g}{Q}$$



Kittner et al. 2018. Trace Metal Content of Coal Exacerbates Air-Pollution-Related-Health Risks: The Case of Lignite Coal in Kosovo. *Environmental Science and Technology*, 52, 2359-2367.





ICP-MS for trace metal content in coal



Even with best available technology, coal poses health risks

Kittner et al. 2018. Trace metal content of coal exacerbates air pollution-related health risks: the case of lignite coal in Kosovo. *Environmental Science and Technology*, 52, 4, 2359-2367.



ICP-MS for trace metal content in coal

Natural gas may improve		Air pollution-related health risk		
health risk?		Deaths	Serious illness	Minor illness
Intermittency remains	Business-as-		29,000	1,700,000
challongo	usual	3,200 (800-	(7,300-	(430,000-
Chanenge		12,700)	88,000)	6,900,000)
	Euro2030		18,500	1,100,000
Development banks consider		2,000 (510-	(4,600-	(280,000-
health risks?		8100)	75,000)	4,400,000)
	Solar without		ion-related he Serious Ilness 29,000 (7,300- 38,000) 18,500 (4,600- 75,000) 12,000 (2,900- 47,000) 8,400 (2,100-	700,000
	natural gas	1,300 (320-	(2,900-	(180,000-
		5,200)	47,000)	2,800,000)
	Solar with			460,000
	natural gas	900 (230-	8,400 (2,100-	(120,000-

3,600)

33,700)

Kittner et al. 2018. Trace metal content of coal exacerbates air pollution-related health risks: the case of lignite coal in Kosovo. *Environmental Science and Technology*, 52, 4, 2359-2367.

1,800,000)

World Bank Annual Meetings



ContourGlobal seeking equity partner for new Kosovo coal plant

